

The greatness of Hechts' "Hour Sales"

—shines out with renewed brilliancy when compared with the feeble efforts of imitators. Special pains have been taken to make tomorrow's "hour sales" the most important ever held—and a glance through the stupendous bargain list below will tell you how well we have succeeded. Prices have been cut to the core—profits utterly ignored. Between certain hours tomorrow we give our patrons the greatest buying opportunities of the year. Carefully go through the list—something in it must surely touch upon your needs. Everyone is offered the privilege of having purchases "charged"—and paying the bill as is most convenient.

Ladies' duck suits, \$1.98.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' plain White Duck Suits, skirts have deep wide hem, and are made full, finished with bound seams—will be offered for \$1.98. \$3.50 is near the real value.

Silk waists, \$2.98.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' stylish Silk Waists, of black and colored India silk—made in the most fashionable manner—will be offered for \$2.98. You couldn't buy them for less than \$4.50 at any other time.

Serge suits, \$4.98.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' stylish black all-wool Serge Suits, with silk lined reefer jackets, made in the most thorough manner, with every care as to the fit and the whims of fashion, will go for \$4.98. These suits have wide skirts, with admirable hang—and would be very cheap at \$9.50.

Skirts, 9c.

(BETWEEN 9 AND 10 O'CLOCK.)

Tomorrow a lot of ladies' perfectly made skirts of figured brilliantine will be offered for 9c. that are worth not a penny less than \$2. We call your particular attention to the perfect hang and fine fit—you've seldom seen better.

"Brownie" overalls, 10c.

(BETWEEN 9 AND 10 AND 3 AND 4.)

Boys' regular 20c. "brownie" overalls will go tomorrow for less than half price—10 cents. They're uncommonly well made—ideal for the severest service—for the boys' romping play.

Skirts, \$1.49.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' plain brilliantine and bayadere striped skirts, which are worth \$3, will be offered for \$1.49. In every respect, they're the very best—no woman would expect better fitting, better-made garments. They are made with extra wideness and liberality.

Crash skirts, 4c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' thoroughly well-made crash skirts, will be offered for 4c. tomorrow for \$1.50. These are of good width and with wide hem—and perfect hang. The most attractive skirts for Summer wear, by far—and what woman wouldn't buy them at this price.

Linen crash skirts, 7c.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 O'CLOCK.)

Choice of this entire lot of ladies' stylish linen crash skirts, for only 7c. tomorrow for \$1.50. These are of good width and with wide hem—and perfect hang. The most attractive skirts for Summer wear, by far—and what woman wouldn't buy them at this price.

Men's bike pants, \$1.25.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 AND 3 AND 4.)

A lot of men's all-wool cheviot bicycle pants, in three different shades—which are the regular \$2 value, will be offered tomorrow for \$1.25. These are not carelessly put together, like others may offer at more money—but the work of the most skilled tailors.

Men's pants, 7c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 AND 3 AND 4.)

Men's good serviceable pants, with patent riveted buttons—and very strongly sewed—will be offered tomorrow for 7c. Two or three times this amount wouldn't buy better fitting, more carefully made garments.

Wrappers, 46c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

The choice of a lot of ladies' wrappers, made of fine percales, with corded edge trimmings—and liberally full and wide skirts—superior style and workmanship to many garments at double—for only 46c.

Men's linen collars, 4c.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 AND 3 TO 4.)

Men's Linen Collars, in all the very latest styles and shapes and in all sizes—will be offered for 4c. tomorrow. The usual price is 15c.—and last week when we offered 'em at 8c, we couldn't sell 'em on the buyers that came after them.

Hecht & Company

SPECIAL OFFERING OF SHIRT WAISTS

39c

Just for An Hour.

For one hour tomorrow we shall make things "hum" in the ladies' shirt waist department. Between 10 and 11 o'clock we will let you have the choice of an immense lot of shirt waists, of pretty laces, percales and dimities—in a greater variety of attractive patterns than you would imagine possible—the latest creations of the season—for only 39c. If every woman in town could know what a rare bargain offering it is, she couldn't hold the crowd that would come for them. As it is now, we can easily see in our mind's eye the wild scramble that will ensue during this hour in the morning. From former experiences when values not so great were offered, we couldn't find it possible to wait upon everyone, the rush was so immense.

We want to ask everyone who expects to share in this shirt waist offering to be here promptly during the hour specified—we can't possibly sell them at this ridiculously low price any longer than the one hour.

Ladies' vests, 3 1/2c.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' ribbed vests, with taped neck and sleeves, comes to us at a price which permits us to offer you the choice tomorrow for only 3 1/2c. The value is very unusual, indeed, and ought to send every woman in Washington here tomorrow.

Corset covers, 9c.

(BETWEEN 8 AND 9 O'CLOCK.)

Tomorrow we offer a lot of ladies' corset covers, with plain fitted seams and very thoroughly made—for only 9c.

Drawers, 9 1/2c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of neatly tucked drawers will be offered tomorrow for only 9 1/2c. a pair. If they were selling for double you wouldn't get any better made—more carefully finished garments.

Boys' suits, 4c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of boys' fine wash suits, of Galathea cloth, finished with plain colored collars, and neatly trimmed with anchor figures—will go tomorrow for 4c. These suits are made well—and intended for wear as well as looks. The boy will be fixed for summer with a couple of them.

Boys' pants, 9 1/2c.

(BETWEEN 8 AND 9 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of boys' knee pants, of Galathea cloth, will go on sale tomorrow for 9 1/2c. a pair—that are just the garments for the boy during the summer. These are of the ordinary values—because they're better made and finished than the majority.

Boys' shirt waists, 1 1/2c.

(BETWEEN 8 AND 9 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of boys' percale shirt-waists will go on sale tomorrow for 1 1/2c. each—in a variety of patterns that are best suited for severe service.

Boys' sailor suits, 6c.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 O'CLOCK.)

Tomorrow we will offer a lot of boys' blue flannel blouse sailor suits, neatly trimmed with white and red braid—in all sizes, from 3 to 10 years—which are regularly sold at \$2—for only 6c.

Boys' suits, 9c.

(BET. 10 AND 11 AND 2 AND 3.)

Boys' double-breasted suits, some of them all wool and the rest part wool—splendid service-givers—made to withstand the hard knocks of everyday wear—will be put on sale tomorrow for only 9c. Every suit is nicely tailored—and a good value at 9c.

Boys' crash suits, \$1.49.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

Boys' all- linen Crash Suits, in sizes from 6 to 15 years—made in very superior style—will be offered tomorrow for \$1.49. Such suits usually sell for \$3.

A day of days in the millinery dep't.

Building business is an easy matter in the Millinery Department as long as we are able to put such values as tomorrow's in your way. And we're constantly striving to bring better value for your money than any one else can offer—always trying to cut down prices, without sacrificing quality. The ladies of this city have been quick to appreciate our efforts—the way the millinery business grows is the best evidence of that. We point with pride to these values offered tomorrow's buyers. Every one is the outcome of clever buying—the result of Hecht cash and Hecht enterprise.

Flowers, 9c and 18c.

Tomorrow we start the ball rolling with the offering of two immense lots of flowers, consisting of Daisies, Roses, Violets, Wreaths and Foliage—which we offer at 9c. and 18c. respectively. The flowers are of the most natural sort—imitate nature perfectly. You couldn't buy them for less than double these prices elsewhere—and many of them are worth even more.

\$1.00 trimmed hats, \$2.50.

A lot of handsomely trimmed Hats, which were made up to sell at seven dollars will be offered tomorrow as a special value at \$2.50. Every hat in the lot is a beauty, according to the latest dictates of fashion—the most particular woman wouldn't want better. They're panama sails, trimmed with coral ribbons, velvet ribbons and wings—arranged in the most tasty manner.

Untrimmed hats, 16c.

A lot of untrimmed hats, consisting of children's hats, and ladies' short back sailors and white straw hats, will be offered as another special tomorrow for 16c.

Ribbons, 2 1/2c yard.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

The choice of plain Moire Ribbons, in all the leading shades and colorings, of very superior quality will be offered tomorrow for 2 1/2c. a yard. These are of the ordinary value, and ought to send every woman in Washington here tomorrow.

Ribbons, 9 1/2c yard.

(BETWEEN 3 AND 4 O'CLOCK.)

3 1/2 and 4 inch Moire and Chantrelle Taffeta and Navy and Red Grosgrain ribbons—will go on sale tomorrow during this hour for only 9 1/2c. a yard. This is a very unusual offering, also.

Child's hats, 9c.

(BETWEEN 10 AND 11 O'CLOCK.)

Tomorrow we will offer a lot of children's straw hats in all the latest shapes—for only 9c. Don't ask us to sell them at any other time during the day at this price—because we cannot.

Ladies' hats, 19c.

(BETWEEN 11 AND 12 O'CLOCK.)

A lot of ladies' Black Neapolitan braid hats with fancy edges, and rough braid straws, will be put on sale tomorrow at 19c.

THE SALE OF LIQUOR.

Excise Bill Recommended by the District Commissioners.

The Commissioners yesterday recommended to Congress a bill to regulate the selling of liquor in the District of Columbia, in the following letter:

"Hon. J. W. Babcock, chairman House Committee on the District of Columbia:

"Dear Sir: The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have the honor to transmit herewith a draft of 'A bill to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in the District of Columbia,' and recommend favorable action thereon.

"In preparing this bill the Commissioners have taken under consideration the existing law establishing the excise board, and a more recent amendment to that law, and have incorporated therein, so that all the law on the subject might be included in one measure.

"Perhaps the most important feature embraced in the bill is that which is intended to protect the interests of the public on Sunday against the selling of beer at breweries, to be taken to some vacant lot or secluded place, and drunk by persons of low character and by minors, who become intoxicated and create disturbances, to the danger and discredit of the community. This practice has been growing and is now a very serious evil.

"The Commissioners are of the opinion that the manufacturers of beer and the agents of brewers should be required to pay the same license as is imposed upon wholesale dealers, and that they should be placed under the same restrictions.

"Very respectfully,

"J. W. ROSS,

"President Board of District Commissioners."

IN HONOR OF HER MAJESTY.

British Consul General in Havana.

Havana, Cuba, May 25.—The British consul general, Sir Alexander Gellan, gave a banquet Tuesday night commemorating the queen's birthday which was marked with success.

The guests included the British vice consul, Mr. Jerome, and Mrs. Jerome, the French consul general, Mr. Warin, the German consul, Mr. Falk, and Mr. Arturo Aronson, the British consul general, and there was great cordiality among the guests.

LAST THOUGHT OF MOTHER

William Scanlon Dies From the Effects of a Fall.

HAS RELATIONS IN NEW YORK

He Drops From the Fourth-Story Window at No. 218 B Street Northwest.

Are Crashed and He Expires Soon After Reaching the Hospital.

William Scanlon, white, twenty-nine years old, fell from a fourth-story window at No. 218 B Street northwest about 2 o'clock this morning.

He died an hour later at Emergency Hospital, after urging the physicians not to tell his mother, as he was afraid for her to know that he was hurt.

He informed the doctors that he has a mother and sister living in New York. He came to Washington to secure employment as an attendant at the Government Hospital for the Insane. He went to Mrs. Thurston's lodging-house, No. 218 B Street northwest, and secured a room for a week. He occupied the attic floor with three other men, and according to Mrs. Thurston, he did not retire until late at night. He was very quiet, and would say to the other roomers, and generally went out in the evenings.

J. J. Murphy, a saloonkeeper at No. 250 Pennsylvania Avenue, said Scanlon frequently came in his place at night, and he understood that Scanlon was employed at St. Elizabeth's.

Scanlon returned to his lodging-house after 12 o'clock last night, and went to his room. There is a small window in the attic opening upon a slanting roof. It was out of this window that the unfortunate man fell. Mrs. Thurston was awakened about 2 o'clock by the sound of a body falling on the bricks in front of the house.

She went out to see what was the matter, but could not explain how he came to fall. Policeman Coghlin was called and summoned the ambulance, which took Scanlon to Emergency Hospital.

There were no external injuries, but an examination of the body showed that nearly every rib had been crushed, some of the bones being broken.

"My mother is ill. Don't tell her I am here," moaned the dying man. "It will kill her. For God's sake, get me well."

Everything was done by Dr. Junemann, but the man died soon after reaching the hospital. Dr. Junemann said today that Scanlon had evidently been drinking last night, and it is believed that he must have sat in the window, and falling asleep, lost his balance and rolled out. Coroner Carr had the remains sent to the morgue, pending an investigation, and, meanwhile, an effort will be made to locate his relatives.

ALLEGED INFERNAL MACHINE.

Suspicious-Looking Object on Ice at Police Headquarters.

"Sir, I have to report that I have a dynamite bomb in my hand," said Lieut. T. B. Amis, of No. 1 police station, in the presence of Major William G. Moore, chief of police this forenoon.

"Let me look at it," said the chief.

The police lieutenant delivered to his superior a small tube, two feet long and two inches in diameter.

"Is this another Dewey joke, or plain moonshine," asked the major.

"It is moonshine, all right," said Lieut. Vernon.

"Do we look at it?" asked Major Moore.

"I guess so," responded the lieutenant, and he covered the object with a cloth.

"I told you it was an advertisement," said Arthur Kemp. "Some joke got up by those newspaper reporters."

Just then Lieut. Amis stepped on a live match which was a general scurrying to cover. When the major looked up he found Lieut. Amis still grimly holding out the infernal machine. All others had left the room.

"And it didn't really explode—well, we will look at it," said the major. The ice cooler was brought in and the object placed on the desk. It was seen that there had been a fulminating cap, while two copper wires extended along the tube, and have incorporated into the tube.

Object. Stamped on one side were the words: "February 11, 1888. Insert this end first." The end referred to was the end whereon was the cap, and it was evidently intended to explode by contact with an electric current.

"Take it out of here," commanded Major Moore, and the tube again was placed on ice, while Lieut. Amis detailed its history.

From what he had learned the object first came on as a newspaper on No. 6 of the Capital Traction Company's Fourteenth Street line. It was discovered by several passengers, who hurriedly called the attention of the conductor to the object. The conductor stopped his car at Ninth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue and delivered the tube to Policeman Mellen, who turned it over to Lieut. Amis.

The tube was taken to the station and locked in cell No. 5 for safe keeping.

The conductor, on being questioned, said he remembered seeing a man, a black and white, on one of the cars at the Capitol. He believed the passenger had a package in his hand, but he was not certain. It was determined this forenoon to investigate the affair, and Inspector Mattingly was consulted about the alleged explosive article.

A second examination disclosed a hard, black and white substance, which was under powder and the police officials were unable to say what it was. While it was believed to be dynamite, still the fact was not established. The tube was evidently made by experts at some dynamite tube factory, and was not the work of an inexperienced hand. Finally it was decided to have Lieut. Amis conduct a police station take the tube to the navy yard for examination.

A SPANISH EXCUSE

Captain of the Don Juan de Austria Tells How It Happened.

Hong Kong, May 25.—Capt. Concha, commander of the Spanish cruiser Don Juan de Austria, which was one of the fleet engaged with the ships of Admiral Dewey at Manila, says that the commanders of the Spanish ships realized that Dewey's ships were in a fight with the Spanish ships and fought only because of the strength of their guns.

He and the other commanders, he says, wished to steam out and meet the enemy but Admiral Montojo forbade them to do so.

The Spanish ships were in a disgraceful state. The engines of the Don Antonio de Ulloa were broken and the Castilla was leaking. The Don Juan de Austria had only two guns that could be fired and the Marquis del Duero only one.

ARMY ORDERS

The following Army orders have been announced at the War Department:

Private Ulysses G. Connolly, Company I, First District of Columbia Volunteer Infantry, now in this city, will be sent without delay to Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park, Ga.

Private Frank L. Hatt, Company G, Fifth Illinois Volunteer Infantry, now in this city, will be discharged the service of the United States on account of disability incurred before entering the service.

The following named officers will proceed to Chickamauga National Park, Ga., and report in person to Major General James H. Wilson, U. S. Volunteers, commanding the Sixth Army Corps, for assignment to duty:

Lieutenant Colonel Joseph P. Sanger, Inspector General, U. S. Volunteers, now at Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park, Ga., is transferred to Battery C, Third Artillery, stationed at the same post.

Private Frank W. Brand, Company G, Tenth Cavalry, now at Battery Jasper, now at Tampa, Fla., is transferred to the First Illinois Volunteer Cavalry, and will be sent to the headquarters of that regiment, Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park, Ga., for assignment to a troop.

Private Frank W. Brand, Company E, Fifth Infantry, now at Battery Jasper, now at Tampa, Fla., is transferred to Battery C, Third Artillery, stationed at the same post.

By direction of the Assistant Secretary of War, the following transfers are made:

Commissary Sergeant John W. Stables, now at Mobile, Ala., and Commissary Sergeant Michael E. Murray, now at New Orleans, La.

They will be sent without delay to camp near Falls Church, Va., and will report for duty to the general commanding the troops stationed there.

Private W. Davidson, Jr., Company A, First California Volunteer Infantry, now at Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., will be discharged the service of the United States on receipt of this order by the commanding officer of his station.

Private A. L. Quinn, Company A, Fifth Maryland Volunteer Infantry, now at Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park, Ga., will be discharged the service of the United States on receipt of this order by the commanding officer of his station.

Private William H. Nelson, Hospital Corps, now at Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga National Park, Ga., is transferred to Tampa, Fla. He will be sent to that station and will report upon his arrival to Major Louis A. La Garde, surgeon, for duty.

Private James L. Griffin, Company I, First North Carolina Volunteer Infantry, now supposed to be at Raleigh, N. C., having enlisted under false pretenses, will be discharged from the service of the United States.

Private Ralph O. Chisholm, Troop I, Eighth Cavalry, now at Fort Robinson, Neb., will be discharged the service of the United States on receipt of this order by the commanding officer of his station.

The following named enlisted men, now at the stations designated after their respective names, will be discharged the service of the United States on receipt of this order by the commanding officers of their respective regiments:

Sergeant D. B. Carley, Company B, Third Second Michigan Volunteer Infantry, Tampa, Fla.; Private Ernest Holloway, Company M, Second Kentucky Volunteer Infantry, Lexington, Ky.

The following named enlisted men of the Nineteenth Infantry, now at Fort Wayne, Michigan, will be sent to the station of their regiment, Mobile, Ala.

Privates Paul Williams, Company B, Anthony Blough, Company C, and George H. Critser, Company D.

They will report upon their arrival to the commanding officer of the regiment, and proceed to Tampa, Fla., and report in person to Major General William H. Taft, commanding the Fifth Army Corps, and will report in person to the commanding officer of that department.

Major Louis W. Crump, surgeon, will proceed to Tampa, Fla., and report in person to Major General William H. Taft, commanding the Fifth Army Corps, and will report in person to the commanding officer of that department.

Major Edward Field, Second Artillery, is detailed for duty as acting inspector general of the Department of California, and will report in person to the commanding general of that department.

Leave of absence until further orders, to take effect upon the completion of his duties as acting inspector general, is granted First Lieut. Walter H. Gordon, Company B, First California Volunteer Infantry, to make his home in Delaware.

Col. Charles A. Whittier, inspector general, United States Army, will report in person to Major General Wesley Merritt, commanding Department of the Pacific, for assignment to duty in that department.

By direction of the Secretary of War, the following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Medical Department are ordered:

Major Louis W. Crump, surgeon, will proceed to Tampa, Fla., and report in person to Major General William H. Taft, commanding the Fifth Army Corps, and will report in person to the commanding officer of that department.

Major Edward Field, Second Artillery, is detailed for duty as acting inspector general of the Department of California, and will report in person to the commanding general of that department.

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